

Unemployment Insurance Employer Contributions & Benefits Training



Purpose of Unemployment Compensation Fund

Employers contribute to the Utah Unemployment Compensation Fund to pay benefits to workers who become unemployed through no fault of their own. The contribution rate formulas are designed to build up the fund during a strong economy to pay increases in benefits when the economy slows.



Table of Contents

New Hire Reporting

Types of Employers

Exemptions from Coverage

FUTA Credits

Tax Rates and Formulas for Calculating

Eligibility for Unemployment Insurance Benefits

Recommendations for Controlling Costs

Contact Information



Utah New Hire Reporting Requirements

- Must Report within 20 Days of 1st day worked or within 60 days of a rehire:
 - Employee SSN
 - Employee Name
 - Employee Address
 - Date of Hire
 - Employer FEIN
 - Employer Name
 - Employer Address
- Optional information:
 - Employee Date of birth





Types of Employers

- A <u>Contributory</u> employer pays a quarterly unemployment insurance contribution (tax).
- A <u>Reimbursable</u> employer does not pay a quarterly contribution to the Trust Fund.
 - Only governmental or non-profit 501(c)(3) entities can opt to be reimbursable.







- continued -

- A <u>Successor</u> employer is one that acquires an existing business and meets the required conditions prescribed by rule.
- The <u>Predecessor</u> is the employing unit which last operated the business and no longer is an employer in Utah.



Types of Employers Merger (Inheritance Transfer)

- In a Merger (Inheritance Transfer) an existing business acquires another existing business.
- The acquired company's unemployment insurance account is closed, and the history of its taxable wages and benefit costs are transferred to the surviving company's unemployment insurance account.
- The combined history of both the acquired company and the surviving company are used to calculate the contribution rate



Types of Employers Reimbursable Employers

- Reimbursable employers are never eligible for relief of charges.
 However, wages may be excluded from the claim in certain situations
- Reimbursable employers do not pay a quarterly contribution to the Trust Fund on taxable wages
- A Reimbursable employer's liability is limited to the amount of benefits paid to the claimant
- Note: Reimbursable employers may be required to pay interest, penalty and collection costs on past due amounts



Who Is Subject To The Employment Security Act?

- Employed one or more individuals for some portion of a day during a calendar year
- Acquired your business from an employer subject to the Act
- All non-profits without 501(c)(3) classification are subject if employ one or more individuals for some portion of a day during a calendar year
- Agriculture ten (10) or more employees in 20 weeks OR \$20,000 in a qtr.
- Wage of \$1,000 or more in calendar qtr. for domestic employee
- Corporation and pay remuneration to corporate officers
- Employer subject to FUTA



Exemptions From Coverage Sole Proprietor/Partner

- Services performed by an <u>individual owner</u> (proprietor) and his/her:
 - Spouse
 - Parent(s)
 - Minor child or children (under age 21)
- Services performed by a general partner:
 - A worker who bears an exempt relationship to all partners (a minor child in a husband and wife partnership, for example), would also be exempt
- This applies to partnership entities not to LLC's





Exemptions from Coverage LLC

- Services performed by a <u>member</u> of <u>Limited Liability</u> <u>Company (LLC)</u>, who are filing with the IRS as a sole proprietorship or a partnership
 - If filing an 1120S Federal Corporate return
 - All member's wages are subject to UI coverage and contributions
 - There is no family exemption for an LLC





Exemptions From Coverage Independent Contractors

- Services performed by an individual are considered to be employment subject to UI unless the following elements are clearly demonstrated:
 - Customarily engaged in an <u>independently established trade</u> <u>occupation</u>, <u>profession</u>, or <u>business</u> of the same nature as that involved in the contract of hire for services; and
 - The individual has been and will continue to <u>be free from</u>
 <u>control</u> or <u>direction</u> over the means of <u>performance of those</u>
 <u>services</u>, both under the individuals' contract of hire and in fact.



Exemptions From Coverage Salesperson

Salespersons:

- Who do not work on the employer's premises
- Are free from the employer's control and direction
- Are paid solely by way of commission





What Are Considered Wages?



Wages as defined by section 3306(b), internal revenue code of 1986.



2015 FUTA Credits

- Annual Federal Unemployment Tax (FUTA, Form 940) return is due January 31st for the prior calendar year.
 - If your state unemployment insurance is paid by January 31st, then you can receive up to a 90% credit against your FUTA tax
 - FUTA rate Credit = Final FUTA rate
 - Example:

6% FUTA tax – 5.4% credit for timely payment of state unemployment insurance = .6% final FUTA tax



Unemployment Insurance Tax Rate Notice

- Rate notices will be mailed out in late December for the following calendar year
- Employers have the right to appeal their rate determination within 30 days of notification





New Employer Industry Rate

- For 2015 The new Employer Contribution rate is based on a 2 year industry average
 - Industry Rate ranges between 1.3% and 7.3%
 - Per Statute construction contractors who have operated in another state before coming to Utah will receive the maximum rate of 7.3%





Calculating Experience Tax Rates



- New employers are assigned a rate based upon average rates of all employers in their respective industries
- An "earned" rate is based upon payroll and is assigned January 1 of the year following the first full fiscal year (July 1 – June 30)



Formula for Calculating Experience Tax Rates

- Benefit Costs: Unemployment benefits paid to former employees that are charged to the employers account
- Taxable Wages: The taxable portion of each employees wages (up to \$32,200 for 2016).
 - Total wages are reported, but the amount in excess of the taxable wage base is not taxed
- The Benefit Ratio: (Benefit Costs/Taxable wages) is calculated on the last 4 fiscal years.
 - A fiscal year is July 1 through June 30



Formula for Calculating Experience Tax Rates -continued-

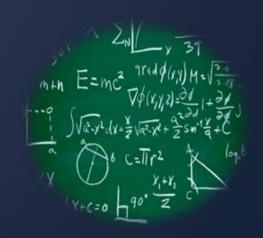
- Reserve Factor: The Reserve factor is a multiplier (factor), which is adjusted up or down on an annual basis depending on the overall health of the UI Trust Fund balance
- Social Costs: The Social Costs are those Benefit Costs that cannot be charged back to specific employers and are added to the UI tax rate for all employers
- Surcharge: A 1% surcharge is added to the overall rate if the employer owes contribution for the prior fiscal year



Example Formulas

Benefit Costs Total Taxable Wages	x	Reserve Factor	+	Social Tax	=	Overall Contribution Rate
\$1,550 \$50,000	x	.031	+	.003	=	.034

Quarterly taxable wage \$4,550 x 0.034 = \$154.70 (quarterly tax)





Due Dates and Filing Methods

3rd quarter wages

4th quarter wages

- Due Dates to report quarterly wages and pay quarterly taxes:
 - April 30
 - July 31
 - October 31
 - January 31

Annual Quick Reference wage Table							
Quarter	Paid From	Report Due					
1st quarter wages	January through March	April 30 th					
2 nd quarter wages	April through June	July 31st					

Annual Quick Poforonco Wago Tablo

July through September

October through December

Βy

October 31st

January 31st

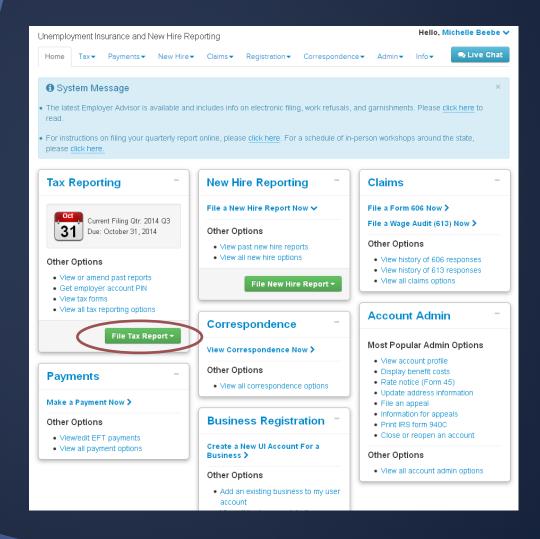
Filing Methods:

- Web Filing (preferred method of filing)
 https://jobs.utah.gov/ui/employer/login.aspx
- Paper Form 33H



Online Filing of Quarterly Report

Online filing is the easiest (and preferred) method for filing quarterly reports





Unemployment Insurance Eligibility

- Two determinations of Eligibility:
 - Monetary Determination
 - Non-Monetary Determinations





How is a UI Claim Filed?

Use the website at jobs.utah.gov (preferred)

• Call the UI Claims Center at:

- Salt Lake/South Davis(801) 526-4400
- Weber/North Davis(801) 612-0877
- Utah County(801) 375-4067
- Remainder of State or out of state(888) 848-0688





Eligibility for UI Benefits Weekly Benefit Amount (WBA)



- Maximum WBA for 2016 = \$509
- Minimum WBA = \$27
- Maximum duration = 26 weeks
- Minimum duration = 10 weeks
- Claimants certify eligibility every week



Eligibility for UI Benefits Non-Monetary Determinations

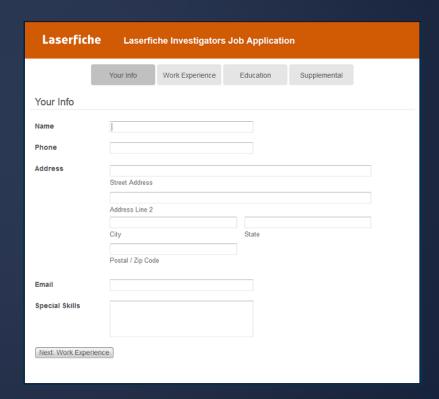


- Able and Available to work
- Separations:
 - Reduction in force
 - Voluntary Quit
 - Discharge
- Suitable Work
- Separation Payments



Eligibility for UI Benefits Able to Work

- Must be physically and mentally able to perform work in normal occupation
- Must be readily available to accept and start a full time job





Eligibility for UI Benefits Available for and Seeking Work

- Claimants are required to make an active work search of at least four (4) NEW contacts each week
- Exceptions may be granted to the work search requirement for:
 - Attached Union Members
 - Job Attached (will begin employment within 3 weeks)
 - Special circumstances for school/ training attendance related to department approved training programs



Eligibility for UI Benefits Voluntary Quit

- Voluntary quit is if the employee was the <u>moving party</u> in ending the employment relationship
- Employee (claimant) has the burden of meeting one of two different standards:
 - Good Cause
 - Equity and Good Conscience





Eligibility for UI Benefits Discharge



- A Separation is considered discharge when:
 - The employer is the moving party causing the separation
 - Employers have the burden of proving the following elements
 - Culpability
 - Knowledge
 - Control



Eligibility for UI Benefits Discharge for a Crime

In Utah, being discharged for crime will result in a mandatory 52 week disqualification for the claimant and removal of the impacted employers' wages from the monetary calculation of Unemployment Benefits.



Eligibility for UI Benefits Suitable Work



- Things to consider regarding suitable work:
 - Wages
 - Location of work
 - Prior experience and skill
 - Working conditions, including hours of work



Eligibility for UI Benefits Part-Time Employees



- Claimants who continue to work part-time may be entitled to Unemployment Insurance benefits
- Wages earned must be reported every week
- The employer may be relieved of charges if the employee's hours have not been reduced
- Employers are not eligible for relief of charges for employees working "on call"



Separation Payments

- Types of separation pay
 - Vacation
 - Severance
 - Payments for remaining on the job

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Non-Compliance

- Report claimant's non-compliance. Sometimes referred to as "fraud"
 - Online: jobs.utah.gov select "Report Fraud"
 - Employer line: **801-526-4400** or **888-848-0688**, option 4
 - Fax the information to 801-526-9800 or 801-526-4402
 - Include as much information as possible about the claimant and the potential activity that would be disqualifying



Non Compliance or Fraud Examples:

- Failure to report work or earnings
- Identity theft
- Inability to work
- Failure to look for or apply for work
- Refusing a job offer
- Working "under the table"
- Failure to report a separation
- Self employment/Contract work





Recommendations for Controlling Costs Steps to Take Prior to Separation

- Hire Right! (check references)
- Give employee job description and outline expectations
- Develop clear statements of policy
- Monitor employee performance
- Discuss issues/concerns when they occur
- Keep accurate notes
- Be consistent in disciplinary actions





Recommendations for Controlling Costs Helpful hints for Discharge

- Employee resigns, rescinds and employer refuses
- Employee quits in lieu of discharge
- Employer waits to discharge
- Employer has ROF and poor performers go first
- When firing, don't "beat around the bush"





Recommendations for Controlling Costs Disagree with a Decision? File an Appeal

- File timely appeal
- Call in advance of hearing
- Invite persons with first hand knowledge to participate
- Provide documents to all parties in advance
- There will be only one hearing
- Role of the ALJ





Recommendations for Controlling Costs Requests for Information

It is critical that employers respond to all requests for information as quickly as possible

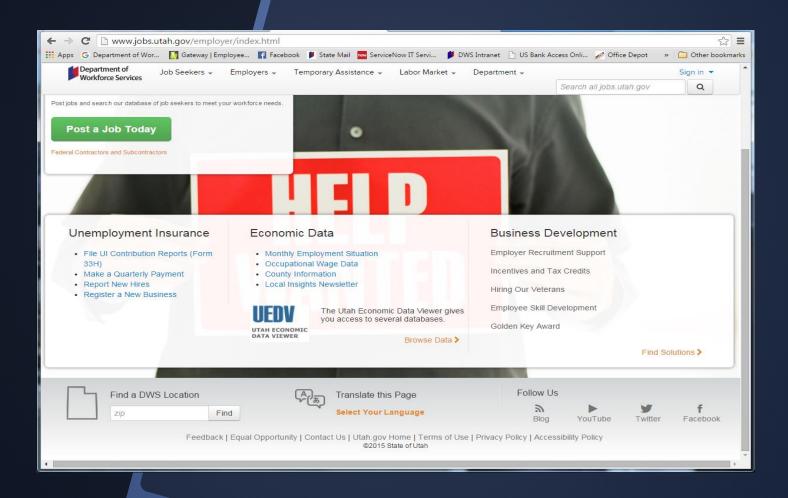






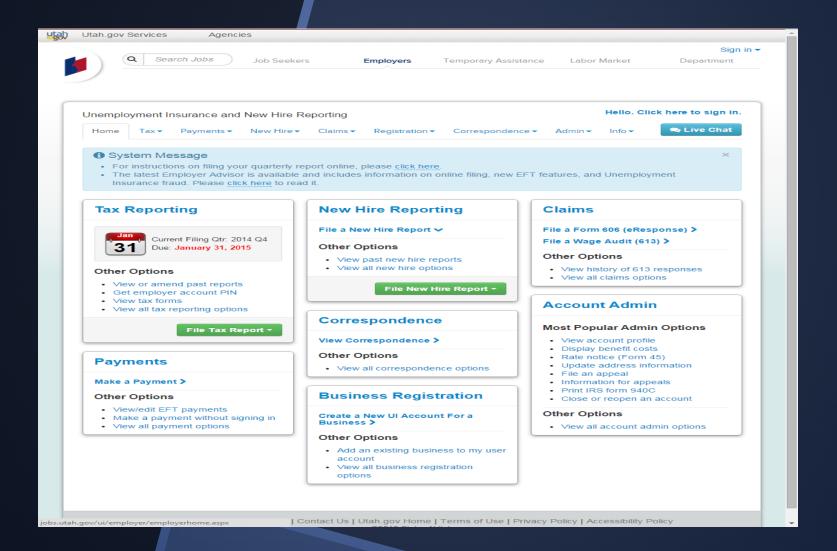


Employer Web Page 1





Employer Web Page 2





Contact Information

- UI Benefits
- Claim Filing
 http://www.jobs.utah.gov/ui
- Separation Requests
- Report Fraud
 801-526-4400 or
 888-848-0688, opt. 4
 http://jobs.utah.gov/ui/Fraud/uifraud

- UI Contributions
 - Quarterly Tax Filing
 https://jobs.utah.gov/ui/em
 ployer/employerhome.aspxj
 obs.utah.gov
 - Tax Rates
 - Subject Wages
 - New Hire Reporting:

801-526-9235